



Monday 23 May 2016 - Afternoon

AS GCE PSYCHOLOGY

G542/01 Core Studies

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 2 hours



Candidate forename			Candidate surname			
Centre number			Candidate nu	ımber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions in Section A, **all** parts of the question in Section B and **one** question from Section C.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 120.
- Quality of written communication is assessed in Sections B and C.
- This document consists of 24 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

2 SECTION A

Answer **all** questions.

1	Fron	m the study by Savage-Rumbaugh into symbol acquisition by pygmy chimpanzees:	
	Des	scribe the sample used.	
			[4]
2	Fron	n Loftus and Palmer's study on eyewitness testimony:	
	(a)	Explain the term 'leading question'.	
			[2]
	(b)	Give one example of a leading question used in this study.	
			[2]

3 The table below represents the results of the Eyes Task used by Baron-Cohen, Jolliffe, Mortimore and Robertson in their study of autism in adults.

Performance on the Eyes Task (score out of 25)

	Autistic	Normal	Tourette's
Mean	16.3	20.3	20.4
Range	10	9	9

	(a)	Use this table to outline one similarity between the performance of the normal adults a Tourette's syndrome adults.	and the
	(b)	Use this table to suggest one conclusion that could be drawn from this study.	
			[2]
4	Froi	m Freud's study of Little Hans:	
	(a)	Outline a Freudian explanation for Hans' fear of horses.	
			[2]
	(b)	Outline an alternative explanation for Hans' fear of horses.	
			[2]

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Des	cribe how the abilit	y to conserve num	nber was tested	in the one-juagen	nent condition.	
						•••
				•••••		
Fror	m the study of aggr		a, Ross and Ros	ss:		
	n the study of aggr Outline how the m	ession by Bandura				
		ession by Bandura				
	Outline how the m	ession by Bandura	ne non-aggressi	ve condition.		•••
	Outline how the m	ression by Bandura	ne non-aggressi	ve condition.		
(a)	Outline how the m	ression by Bandura	ne non-aggressi	ve condition.		
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(a)	Outline how the m	ression by Bandura	ne non-aggressi	ve condition.		
(a)	Outline how the m	ression by Bandura	ne non-aggressi	ve condition.		
(a)	Outline how the m	ression by Bandura	ne non-aggressi	ve condition.		

State two of the hypotheses tested in this study.
Maguire states: 'The data presented in this report provide evidence of regionally specific structural difference between the hippocampus of licensed London taxi drivers compared to those of control subject
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'The data presented in this report provide evidence of regionally specific structural difference between the hippocampus of licensed London taxi drivers compared to those of control subject Outline two pieces of evidence that support this statement.
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9	FIOI	m Sperry's spin-brain study:	
	(a)	Outline two functions of the left hemisphere of the brain.	
			[2]
	(b)	Describe how patients responded to objects placed in their left hands.	
			[2]
10	Froi	m Piliavin, Rodin and Piliavin's subway Samaritan study:	
10	1 101	in Fillavini, Nodin and Fillavini's Subway Samantan Study.	
	Des	scribe how two of the independent variables were manipulated in this study.	
			••••
			••••
			[4]

11	Fror	m Reicher and Haslam's BBC prison study:
	Out	line two ways the ethical guideline, 'protection from harm', was upheld in this study.
		[4]
12	Fror	m Milgram's study of obedience:
	(a)	Describe how the self-selected (volunteer) sampling technique was used in this study.
	(b)	Outline one weakness of the self-selected (volunteer) sampling technique used in this study.
	(D)	Outline One weakness of the sen-selected (volunteer) sampling technique used in this study.
		[2]
		• •

13	Outl	line two ways the self-report method was used in Griffiths' study into fruit machine gambling.	
		[4	1]
14	Eror	m Rosenhan's study, 'On being sane in insane places':	
	(a)	Outline how the participant observation method was used.	
			2]
	(b)	Suggest one advantage of using participant observation in this study.	
		[2	2]

		ΓΛ'
	Based on character features and test results, describe Eve White's personality.	
5	From I nigpen and Cleckley's study on multiple personality:	

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10 **SECTION B**

Read, then answer all parts of the question.

16	Choose one	of the core	studies	below:

- Freud: Little Hans
- Griffiths: fruit machine gambling Reicher and Haslam: BBC prison study

Answer parts (a) - (f) on your chosen study.

Outline one aim of your chosen study.
[2]
Describe how data was gathered in your chosen study.

(c)	Suggest one strength and one weakness of the qualitative data gathered in your chosen study.
	ral

(d)	Outline the findings of your chosen study.
	[8]

(e)	Describe ways your chosen study could be improved.
	[8]

(f)	Evaluate the improvements you have suggested to your chosen study.
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SECTION C

Answer one question.

Choose either Question 17 or Question 18

EITHER

- 17 (a) Briefly outline the individual differences approach. [2]
 - (b) With reference to Rosenhan's study, 'On being sane in insane places', describe how the individual differences approach could explain why the pseudopatients were misdiagnosed.[4]
 - (c) Describe **one** similarity and **one** difference between the way data was gathered in any of the three individual differences approach core studies. [6]
 - (d) Discuss strengths and weaknesses of using observation to gather data. Support your answer with evidence from any of the three individual differences approach core studies. [12]

If you choose to answer Question 17, write your answers on pages 16 to 17.

OR

- **18 (a)** Briefly outline the social approach. [2]
 - (b) With reference to Reicher and Haslam's BBC prison study, describe how the social approach could explain why prisoners may rebel. [4]
 - (c) Describe **one** similarity and **one** difference between the way data was gathered in any of the three social approach core studies. [6]
 - (d) Discuss strengths and weaknesses of using observation to gather data. Support your answer with evidence from any of the three social approach core studies. [12]

If you choose to answer Question 18, write your answers on pages 18 to 19.

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17	(a)	Briefly outline the individual differences approach.
		[2]
	(b)	With reference to Rosenhan's study, 'On being sane in insane places', describe how the individual differences approach could explain why the pseudopatients were misdiagnosed.
		[4]
	(c)	Describe one similarity and one difference between the way data was gathered in any of the three individual differences approach core studies.
		[6]

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Briefly outline the social approach.
[2]
With reference to Reicher and Haslam's BBC prison study, describe how the social approach could explain why prisoners may rebel.
[4]
Describe one similarity and one difference between the way data was gathered in any of the three social approach core studies.
[6]

V	Discuss strengths and weaknesses of using observation to gather data. Support your a vith evidence from any of the three social approach core studies.
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20 ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s must be clearly shown in the margin(s).		
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		•••••

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